SAFETY DATA SHEET

SC2302000

Section 1. Identification

| Product name | : EL™2302 Electronic Contact Cleaner Aerosol |
|--|--|
| Product code | : SC2302000 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Aerosol. |
| Relevant identified uses of th | ne substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Paint or paint related material. | |
| Manufacturer | : Sprayon Products Group 101 W. Prospect Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44115 |
| Emergency telephone number of the company | : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year |
| Product Information Telephone Number | : US / Canada: (800) 247-3266 Mexico: Not Available |
| Transportation Emergency Telephone Number | : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standa (29 CFR 1910.1200). | ard |
|--|--|------|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 8% (oral), 57.9% (dermal), 45% (inhalation) | |
| GHS label elements | | |
| Hazard pictograms | | |
| Signal word | : Danger | |
| Hazard statements | Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10/3/2024 Date of previous issue : 5/19/2024 Version : 21 | |
| | . 10/3/2024 Date of previous issue | 1/17 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Precautionary statements | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Prevention | : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| Response | : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. |
| | Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Ethanol | ≥25 - ≤50 | 64-17-5 |
| Methyl Acetate | ≥10 - ≤25 | 79-20-9 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ≥10 - ≤25 | 64742-49-0 |
| Carbon Dioxide | ≤10 | 124-38-9 |
| 2-Propanol | ≤10 | 67-63-0 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ≤3 | 64742-89-8 |
| Methyl Cyclohexane | ≤3 | 108-87-2 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necessa | r <u>y first aid measures</u> |
|------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health | effects |
|------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Skin contact | : Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Over-exposure signs/s | <u>ymptoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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| SC2302000 EL™2302 Electronic Contact Cleaner Aerosol | | | Aerosol | | SHW-85- | NA-GHS-US | |

Section 4. First aid measures

| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. |
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| Remark | : Flammable aerosol. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Methods and material | s for containment and cleaning up |
|----------------------|--|
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. |
|--|---|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limit | S | |
|---|---------|--|---------------------------------------|------|
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | ACGIH TLV (L TWA: 200 pp TWA: 606 mg STEL: 250 pp | Jnited States, 1/2024). m 8 hours. | |
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| Section 8. Exposure controls | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 64742-49-0 | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). |
| | | [HEXANE ISOMERS] TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 10 hours. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [branched hexane isomers] TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| Carbon Dioxide | 124-38-9 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). Oxyget Depletion [Asphyxiant]. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 30000 ppm 10 hours. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| 2-Propanol | 67-63-0 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 64742-89-8 | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [HEXANE ISOMERS] TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 10 hours. CEIL: 510 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [branched hexane isomers] TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| Methyl Cyclohexane | 108-87-2 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1600 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |

| | TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2000 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
|--|---|
|--|---|

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Ethyl alcohol | 64-17-5 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. | |
| Methyl acetate | 79-20-9 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. | |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 64742-49-0 | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). [Hexane] STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Hexane, all isomers except n- Hexane] TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Hexane isomers, other than n-hexane] TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [Hexane] TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours. | |

| | | STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 3500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Dimethylbutane] OEL: 1760 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 3500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---|
| Isopropyl alcohol | 67-63-0 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 984 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 492 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 64742-89-8 | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). [Hexane] STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Hexane, all isomers except n- Hexane] TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Hexane isomers, other than n-hexane] TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [Hexane] TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 1760 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 3500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Dimethylbutane] OEL: 1760 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Methylcyclohexane | 108-87-2 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 1610 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. |

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---|
| Ethanol | 64-17-5 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Methyl Acetate | 79-20-9 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 64742-49-0 | STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [branched hexane isomers] |
| 2-Propanol | 67-63-0 | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 64742-89-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [branched hexane isomers] |
| Methyl Cyclohexane | 108-87-2 | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. |

Biological exposure indices (United States)

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|-----------------|---|
| | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek. |

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|-----------------|--|
| 2-Propanol | Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 40 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week. |

| = | | |
|----------------------------------|-----|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : | Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measured | res | |
| Hygiene measures | : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | | |
| Hand protection | : | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : | Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| Dete of issue (Dete of mulician | |
|---|---|
| Flash point | : Closed cup: -13°C (8.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| рН | : 7 |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Color | : Clear. |
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| <u>Appearance</u> | |

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|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------|-------|
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Evaporation rate | : 5.3 | s (butyl acetate = 1) | | | |
|--|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Flammability | : Fla | Flammable aerosol. | | | |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | | Lower: 0.9% Upper: 19% | | | |
| Vapor pressure | : 10 ⁻ | 1.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) | | | |
| Relative vapor density | : 1.5 | 6 [Air = 1] | | | |
| Relative density | : 0.8 | | | | |
| Solubility(ies) | : | | | | |
| Media | | Result | | | |
| cold water | | Not soluble | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : No | t applicable. | | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : No | t available. | | | |
| Decomposition temperature | : No | t available. | | | |
| Viscosity | : Ki | nematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt) | | | |
| Molecular weight | : No | ot applicable. | | | |
| Aerosol product | | | | | |
| Type of aerosol | : Sp | ray | | | |
| Heat of combustion | : 30. | 346 kJ/g | | | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). |
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------|
| Ethanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 124700 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 7 g/kg | - |
| Methyl Acetate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| 2-Propanol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12800 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5000 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

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| SC2302000 | EL™2302 Electronic Contact Cleaner Aerosol | | | SHW-85- | NA-GHS-US | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--------------|-------------|
| Ethanol | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.0666666667 | - |
| | | | | minutes 100 | |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 uL | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 400 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| Methyl Acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | 5 | | mg | |
| 2-Propanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | | DILL | | mg | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| Mathed Ovelah swamp | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Methyl Cyclohexane | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | Chin Mild invitant | Dabbit | | uL | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | uL | |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|--------|-----|
| Ethanol 2-Propanol | - | 1 3 | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Ethanol | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Methyl Acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 2-Propanol | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Methyl Cyclohexane | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

: 10/3/2024 Date of previous issue

: 5/19/2024

SC2302000 EL[™]2302 Electronic Contact Cleaner Aerosol

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | Not available. | |
|--|---|-------|
| Potential acute health effe | <u>s</u> | |
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. | |
| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. | |
| Skin contact | Causes skin irritation. | |
| Ingestion | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. | Í |
| Symptoms related to the p | vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | |
| Eye contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | |
| Inhalation | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness | |
| Skin contact | Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness | |
| Ingestion | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting | |
| | cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure | |
| Short term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. | |
| Potential delayed effects | Not available. | |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential immediate effects | Not available. | |
| Potential delayed effects | Not available. | |
| Potential chronic health ef | <u>cts</u> | |
| Not available. | | |
| General | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Carcinogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10/3/2024 Date of previous issue : 5/19/2024 Version : 21 | 13/17 |

Section 11. Toxicological information

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

| Acute toxicity estimates |
|--------------------------|
|--------------------------|

| Route | ATE value |
|-------|--------------|
| Oral | 100000 mg/kg |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------|
| Ethanol | Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water | Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i> | 96 hours 🥄 |
| | Acute EC50 2 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 25500 μg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 4 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water | Algae - Ulva pertusa | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water | Fish - <i>Gambusia holbrooki -</i> Larvae | 12 weeks |
| Methyl Acetate | Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| 2-Propanol | Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha | 96 hours |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| Methyl Cyclohexane | Acute LC50 5800 µg/l Marine water | Fish - <i>Morone saxatilis</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Ethanol | - | - | Readily |
| 2-Propanol | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------|------------|-----------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| Methyl Cyclohexane | - | 186.21 | Low |

Mobility in soil

| ate of issue/Date of revi | sion : 10/3/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 5/19/2024 | Version : 21 | 14/17 |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------------|-------|
| C2302000 EL™2 | 302 Electronic Contact Clean | er Aerosol | | SHW-85-NA-GHS-US | |

Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ΙΑΤΑ | IMDG |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| UN number | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS, flammable | AEROSOLS |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). | - | - | <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-D, S U |
| | ERG No. | ERG No. | ERG No. | | |
| | 126 | 126 | 126 | | |
| | Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception. | Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception. | Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception. | Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception. | Dependent upon container size, this product may ship undo the Limited Quantity shipping exception. |

Section 14. Transport information

| Special precautions for user | : | Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations. |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| Transport in bulk according | : | Not available. |

to IMO instruments

: Not available. **Proper shipping name**

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

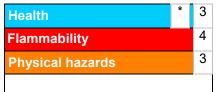
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

| International lists | Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. |
|---------------------|--|
| | Vietnam inventory: Not determined. |

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Date of issue/Date | of revision | : 10/3/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 5/19/2024 | Version | : 21 | 16/17 |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------|-------|
| SC2302000 | EL™2302 Electronic Co | ontact Cleaner A | verosol | | SHW-85-1 | NA-GHS-US | |

Section 16. Other information

| Classification | Justification |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 | On basis of test data |
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas | Calculation method |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - | Calculation method |
| Category 3 | |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | Calculation method |

| motory | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing | : 10/3/2024 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10/3/2024 |
| Date of previous issue | : 5/19/2024 |
| Version | : 21 |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer. or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buver/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.